

Betye Saar, *The Edge of Ethics*, 2010. Photo: Craig Smith

From a symbolism expressing Black captivity to allusions to Paul Laurence Dunbar's image of aviary confinement in his 1899 poem "Sympathy," Betye Saar's The Edge of Ethics (2010) has been explained by many critics in a steadfast, predictive manner. While these interpretations are not necessarily incorrect, they sidestep the sculpture's heterogeneity, its conduct-probing, conditional title, and its implicit paradoxes. Instead of the Black female torso embodying "suffering," "burden-bearing," and "vulnerability"—superficially expressed by being chained to a vintage glass flask and standing with attached bird legs on the back of a toy alligator—could this figure represent a philosophical and abstract statement and not just something r eactionary? Has Saar created a structure that is not so much victimization incamated but, rather, a materialization of a state of mind that, as its title suggests, hovers between an ethical stance and a moral principle? This deviation from seeing *The Edge of Ethics* as representing anguish and instead, invoking an exposition on proprieties-versus-values relies on a comparable analytical instrument: the bocio, or the assemblages comprised of wooden carvings, ephemera, and bindings created by ritual experts from West Africa's Guinea Coast region. Like the alchemical entities contained within bocio sculptures, The Edge of Ethics itemizes its spiritually imbued components, whose aggregate—contained in a trefoil arch-shaped green cage and flanked at its rear by a spindly coral fan—puts into three-dimensions a metaphorical house of cards. This edifice, overflowing with meaning, creates an autonomous, existential conundrum for the sculpture's discerning creator and viewers.

-Dr. Richard J. Powell